Fingertip Pulse Oximeter English

General Description

Oxygen binds to hemoglobin in red blood cells when moving through the lungs. It is transported throughout the body as arterial blood. A pulse oximeter uses two frequencies of light (red and infrared) to determine the percentage (%) of hemoglobin in the blood that is saturated with oxygen. The percentage is called blood oxygen saturation, or SpO₂. A pulse oximeter also measures and displays the pulse rate at the same time it measures the SpO₂ level.

Plantage of Operation Principles (Size)

Diagram of Operation Principle (Figure 2)

Red and Infrared-ray Emission Tub Red and Infrared-ray Receipt Tube

Precautions For Use

Before use, carefully read the manual

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Operation of the fingertip pulse oximeter may be affected by the use of an electrosurgical unit (ESU).

The fingertip pulse oximeter must be able to measure: the pulse property to obtain an accurate SpO₂ measurement.

Verify that nothing is hindering the pulse measurement: before relying on the SpO₂ measurement.

Do not use the fingertip pulse oximeter in an MRI of CT environment.

Do not use the fingertip pulse oximeter in an MRI of CT environment. Do not use the fingertip pulse oximeter in situations where alarms are required. The device has no alarms. It is not for continuous monitoring.

Do not use the fingertip pulse oximeter in an explosive atmosphere.

The fingertip pulse oximeter is intended only as an adjunct in patient assessment. It must be used in conjunction with

other methods of assessing clinical signs and symptoms.

In order to ensure correct sensor alignment and skin integrity, the maximum application time at a single site for our device should be less than half an hour.

Do not sterilize the device using autoclaving, ethylene oxide sterilizing, or immersing the device in liquid. The device is not intended for sterilization.

Follow local ordinances and recycling instructions regarding disposal or recycling of the device and device components, including batteries.

This equipment complies with IEC 60601-1-2:2007 for electromagnetic compatibility for medical electrical equipment and/or systems. However, because of the proliferation of radio-frequency transmitting equipment and other sources of electrical noise in healthcare and other environments, it is possible that high levels of such interference due to close proximity or strength of a source might disrupt the performance of this device.

Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect medical electrical equipment.

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This equipment is not intended for use during patient transport outside the healthcare facility

This equipment should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment.

Do not disassemble, repair or modify the equipment without authority.

These materials that contact with the patient's skin contain medical silicone and ABS plastic enclosure are all pass the ISO10993-5 Tests for invitro cytotoxicity and ISO10993-10 Tests for irritation and delayed-type hypersensitivity.

Rx only: "Caution: Federal law (USA) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed practitioner."

Inaccurate measurements may be caused by

- Significant levels of dysfunctional hemoglobin (such as carbonyl hemoglobin or methemoglobin):
- Intravascular dyes such as indocyanine green or methylene blue; High ambient light. Shield the sensor area if necessary;
- Excessive patient movement;
- High-frequency electrosurgical interference and defibrillators;
- ragnifictured viscous distributions. Placement of a sensor on an extremity with a blood pressure cuff, arterial catheter, or intravascular line: The patient has hypotension, severe vasoconstriction, severe anemia, or hypothermia; The patient is in cardiac arrest or is in shock;

- Fingernail polish or false fingernails:
- Weak pulse quality (low perfusion); Low hemoglobin;
- Contraindication

It is not for continuous monitoring.

Product Features

- Dual color OLED displays SpO2, PR, Pulse bar, and waveform

- Level 1-10 adjustable brightness.
 6 display modes.
 2pac AAA-size alkaline batteries; battery-low indicator.
 When no or low signal is detected, the pulse oximeter will power off automatically in 8 seconds

The Fingertip Pulse Oximeter is a handheld non-invasive device intended for spot-checking of oxygen saturation of arterial hemoglobin (SpO2) and Pulse Rate of adult, adolescent and child patients in hospitals, hospital-type facilities and homecare.

Operation Instructions

- Install two AAA batteries according to the Battery Installation instructions.
 Place one of your fingers into the rubber opening of the pulse oximeter.
 Press the switch button one time on front panel to turn the pulse oximeter on.
 Keep your hands still for the reading. Do not shake your finger during the test. It is recommended that you do not move

- your body while taking a reading.
 Read the data from the display screen
 Press the power switch for longer than one second, will adjust the brightness of the oximeter. There are 10 levels of brightness. The default is level four.
- After turning on the Oximeter, each time you press the power switch, the Oximeter will switch to another display mode. There are 6 display modes. (Figure 3)

- Install two AAA batteries into the battery compartment. Match the plus (+) and minus (-) signs in the compartment. If
- the polarities are not matched, damage may be caused to the oxime Slide the battery door cover horizontally along the arrow. (Figure 4)

Please remove the batteries if the pulse oximeter will not be used for long periods of time.

Using the Lanyard

- Thread thinner end of the lanyard through the loop.
 Thread thicker end of the lanyard through the threaded end before pulling it tightly. (Figure 5) Warnings!

Keep the oximeter away from young children. Small stems such as the battery door, battery, and lanyard are choking

hazards.

Do not hang the lanyard from the device's electrical wire.

Maintenance and Storage

- Replace the batteries in a timely manner when low voltage lamp is lighted. Clean surface of the fingertip oximeter before it is used in diagnosis for patients. Remove the batteries if the oximeter is not operated for a long time. It is best to store the product in -25° —+70° and s93%, humidity. Keepiin a dry place. Extreme moisture may affect oximeter lifetime and may cause damage.
- Dispose of battery properly; follow any applicable local battery disposal la

Cleaning the fingertip pulse oximeter

Please use medical alcohol to clean the silicone touching the finger inside of oximeter with a soft cloth dampened with 70% isopropyl alcohol. Also clean the being tested finger using alcohol before and after each test.

Do not pour or spray liquids onto the oximeter, and do not allow any liquid to enter any openings in the device. Allow the

- Do not pour or spray liquids onto the eximeter, and do not allow any liquid to enter any openings in the device. Allow the eximeter to dry thoroughly before reuse.

 The fingertlip pulse eximeter requires no routine calibration or maintenance other than replacement of batteries.

 The use life of the device is five years when it is used for 15 measurements every day and 10 minutes per one measurement. Stop using and contact local service center if one of the following cases occurs:

 An error in the Possible Problems and solutions is displayed on screen.

 The eximeter cannot be powered on in any case and not the reasons of battery.

 There is a crack on the eximeter or damage on the display resulting readings cannot be identified; the spring is invalid; or the key is unresponsive or unavailable.

Or the key is unresponsive or diravaliable.

Disinfecting

The applied parts touching the patients' body are required to be disinfected once after each use. The recommended disinfectants include: ethanol 70%, isopropanol 70%, glutaraldehyde-type 2% liquid disinfectants.

Disinfection may cause damage to the equipment and is therefore not recommended for this pulse oximeter unless otherwise indicated in your hospital's servicing schedule. Clean the pulse oximeter before disinfecting it.

CAUTION: Never use EtO or formaldehyde for disinfection.

Specifications

1. Display Type OLED display

2. SpO2

Display range: 0%~100% Measurement range: 70%

Measurement range: 70%~100% Accuracy: 70%~100%±2%; 0%~69% no definition Resolution: 1%

3. Pulse Rate

Display range: 0bpm~250bpm Measure range: 30bpm~250bpm Accuracy: 30bpm~99bpm, ±2bpm; 100bpm~250bpm, ±2% Resolution: 15pm

4. Probe LED Specifications

	Wavelength	Radiant Power
RED	660±3nm	3.2mw
IR	905±10nm	2.4mw

NOTE: The information about wavelength range can be especially useful to clinicians.

5. Power Requirements

Two AAA alkaline Batteries

wer consumption: Less than 40mA

Battery Life: Two AAA 1.5V, 1200mAh alkaline batteries could be continuously operated as long as 18 hours.

6. Environment Requirements

Operation Temperature: 5℃ ~40℃

Storage Temperature: -25℃ ~47℃

Storage Temperature: -25℃ ~47℃

Ambient Humidity: 15%-93% no condensation in operation: <93% no condensation in storage/transport Atmosphere pressure: 70kPa~106kPa

7. Equipment data update period

Data update period of slower average is 8s. (Figure 6)

8. Classification

o. viasantication
 According to the type of protection against electric shock: INTERNALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT;
 According to the degree of protection against electric shock: TYPE BF APPLIED PART, (applied part: the rubber hole of the

According to the degree of protection against ingress of water. IPX22 According to the mode of operation: CONTINUOUS OPERATION

Clinical Study Summary

The following details are provided to disclose actual performance observed in the clinical validation study of healthy adult volunteers. The ARMS value analysis statement and Bland-Altman plot of data is shown as following

Item	90100	80<90	70<80	
#pts	78	66	63	
Bias	1.02	0.40	-0.48	
ARMS	1.66	1.46	1.93	

Bland-Altman Plot Graphic (Figure 7)

Possible Problems and Solutions

Problems	Possible reason	Solution
SpO ₂ or PR can not be shown normally	Finger is not inserted correctly Patient's Oxyhemoglobin value is too low to be measured	Retry by inserting the finger Try some more times. If you can make sure no problem exist in the product, please go to a hospital timely for exact diagnosis.
SpO₂ or PR is shown unstably	Finger might not be inserted deep enough. Finger is trembling or patient's body is in movement status.	Retry by inserting the finger Try not to move
The oximeter can not be powered on	Power of batteries might be inadequate or not be there at all. Batteries might be installed incorrectly. The oximeter might be damaged.	Please replace batteries Please reinstall the batteries Please contact with local customer service centre
Indication lamps are suddenly off	The product is automatically powered off when no signal is detected longer than 8 seconds Power quantity of the batteries is started being inadequate	Normal Replace the batteries
"Error7" is displayed on screen	Low power Emission tube damaged. Current control circuit malfunctions.	Please change battery Please contact local customer service center Please contact local customer service center

Symbol Definitions

Cymbol DC	mindons		
Symbol	Definition	Symbol	Definition
·	Type BF applied part.	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Storage temperature and relative humidity
Ţ	Attention		Manufacturer's information
	.Date of Manufacture	IP22	Protected against dripping water
%SpO ₂	Oxygen saturation	(E	European union approval
ВРМ	Pulse rate (BPM)	EC REP	Authorized representative in the European community
	Low power indication	③	consult accompanying documents.
SpO ₂	No SpO₂ Alarm	文	Waste electrical and electronic equipment
SN	Serial No.		The state of the s

Box Contents

- Fingertip pulse oximeter
- One lanyard Two AAA batteries One instruction manual

- 1. The illustrations used in this manual may differ slightly from the appearance of the actual product
- 2. The specifications are subject to change without prior